

Intent

By the time the children leave us they will:

- Have developed a genuine interest and positive curiosity about foreign languages, finding them enjoyable and stimulating
- Have had the opportunity to explore relationships between language and identity, develop a deeper understanding of other cultures and the world around them with a better awareness of self, others and cultural differences ٠
- Be continuing to work towards becoming life-long language learners •

Implementation

- Our scheme will allow children to progressively acquire, use and apply a growing bank of vocabulary, language skills and grammatical knowledge organised around age-appropriate topics and themes building blocks of language into more • complex, fluent and authentic language whilst building on all four language skills: listening, speaking, reading and writing
- All aspects of the curriculum are covered though our scheme of work
- Lessons will offer appropriate levels of challenge and stretch at all times, to ensure pupils learn effectively, continuously building their knowledge of and enthusiasm for the language(s) they are learning •
- Our scheme categorises units by 'teaching type': Early, intermediate and progressive. This ensures that the language taught is appropriate to the level of the class and introduced when the children are ready
- Units are progressive within themselves as subsequent lessons within a unit build on the language and knowledge taught in previous lessons. As pupils progress though the lessons in a unit they will build their knowledge and develop the complexity of the language they use

Impact

- The children will become more confident and ambitious with the foreign language they are learning
- Pupils will continuously build on their previous knowledge as they progress in their foreign language learning journey through the primary phase. Previous language will be recycled, revised, recalled and consolidated whenever possible and appropriate
- The opportunity to assess pupil learning and progression in the key language skills (speaking, listening, reading and writing) and against the 12 DfE Languages Programme of Study for Key Stage 2 attainment targets is provided at the end of • each teaching unit. This, along with continual assessment of learning during lessons, allows teachers to make an accurate assessment of their attainment each year

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 3	Phonetics Lesson 1 (C) and I'm learning French (E)	I'm learning French (E)	lce - creams (E)	lce - creams (E)	Fruit (E)	Fruit (E)
Year 4	Phonetics Lesson 1 & 2 (C) and Presenting Myself (I)	Instruments (E)	Instruments (E)	Presenting myself (2 nd half of module) (I)	Classroom (I)	Classroom (I)
Year 5	Phonetics Lesson 1, 2 & 3 (C) and Do you have a pet? (I)	Family (I)	The weather (I)	At the café (I)	Olympics (I)	Clothes (I)
Year 6	Phonetics Lesson 1, 2, 3 & 4 (C) and At school (P)	Regular verbs (P)	The weekend (P)	Planets (P)	Healthy Lifestyle (P)	Me in the world (P)

Key Stage 2 National Curriculum	Key Stage 2 - Pupils should be taught to: Iisten attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help* speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases*							
	 present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences* read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly describe people, places, things and actions orally* and in writing 							
	Listening	Speaking	Reading	Writing	Grammar			
Year 3	Listen to and enjoy short stories, nursery rhymes & songs. Recognise familiar words and short phrases covered in the units taught.	Communicate with others using simple words and short phrases covered in the units.	Read familiar words and short phrases accurately by applying knowledge from 'Phonics Lesson 1'. Understand the meaning in English of short words I read in the foreign language.	Write familiar words & short phrases using a model or vocabulary list. EG: 'I play the piano'. 'I like apples'.	Start to understand the concept of noun gender and the use of articles. Use the first person singular version of high frequency verbs. EG: 'I like' 'I play' 'I am called'			
Year 4	Learn to listen to longer passages and understand more of what we hear by picking out key words and phrases covered in current and previous units.	Communicate with others with improved confidence and accuracy. Learn to ask and answer questions based on the language covered in the units and incorporate a negative reply if and when required.	Read aloud short pieces of text applying knowledge learnt from 'Phonics Lessons 1 & 2'. Understand most of what we read in the foreign language when it is based on familiar language.	Write some short phrases based on familiar topics and begin to use connectives/conjunctions and the negative form where appropriate. EG: My name, where I live and my age.	Better understand the concept of gender and which articles to use for meaning (EG: 'the', 'a' or 'some'). Introduce simple adjectival agreement (EG: adjectival agreement when describing nationality), the negative form and possessive adjectives. EG: 'In my pencil case I have' or 'In my pencil case I do not have			
Year 5	Listen more attentively and for longer. Understand more of what we hear even when some of the language may be unfamiliar by using the decoding skills we have developed.	Communicate on a wider range of topics and themes. Remember and recall a range of vocabulary with increased knowledge, confidence and spontaneity	Understand longer passages in the foreign language and start to decode meaning of unknown words using cognates and context. Increase our knowledge of phonemes and letter strings using knowledge learnt from 'Phonics lesson 1 to 3'.	Write a paragraph using familiar language incorporating connectives/conjunctions, a negative response and adjectival agreement where required. Learn to manipulate the language and be able to substitute words for suitable alternatives. EG: My name, my age, where I live, a pet I have, a pet I don't have and my pet's name.	Revision of gender and nouns and learn to use and recognise the terminology of articles (EG: definite, indefinite and partitive). Understand better the rules of adjectival agreement and possessive adjectives. Start to explore full verb conjugation (EG: 'I wear', 'he/she wears' and also be able to describe clothes in terms of colour EG: 'My blue coat'.			
Year 6	Listen to longer text and more authentic foreign language material. Learn to pick out cognates and familiar words and learn to 'gist listen' even when hearing language that has not been taught or covered.	Learn to recall previously learnt language and recycle / incorporate it with new language with increased speed and spontaneity. Engage in short conversations on familiar topics, responding with opinions and justifications where appropriate.	Be able to tackle unknown language with increased accuracy by applying knowledge learnt from 'Phonics Lessons 1 to 4' including awareness of accents, silent letters etc. Decode unknown language.	Write a piece of text using language from a variety of units covered and learn to adapt any models provided to show solid understanding of any grammar covered. Also start to incorporate conjugated verbs and learn to be comfortable using connectives/conjunctions, adjectives and possessive adjectives. EG: A presentation or description of a typical school day including subjects, time and opinions.	Consolidate our understanding of gender and nouns, use of the negative, adjectival agreement and possessive adjectives (EG: which subjects I like at school and also which subjects I do not like). Become familiar with a wider range of connectives/conjunctions and more confident with full verb conjugation - both regular and irregular. EG: 'to go', 'to do', 'to have' and 'to be'.			

End Points in Year 3

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Phonetics 1	I'm learning French	Ice creams	
Understand sounds 'CH' 'OU' 'ON' 'OI.	Pinpoint France and other French speaking countries on a	Name and recognise up to 10 different flavours for ice	Name
	map of the world.	creams.	Attem
	Ask and answer the question 'How are you?' in French.	Ask for an ice-cream in French using 'je voudrais'.	Ask so
	Say 'Hello' and 'Goodbye' in French.	Say what flavour they would like.	Say wl
	Ask and answer the question 'What is your name?' in	Say whether they would like their ice-cream in a cone or a	
	French.	small pot/tub.	
	Count to 10 in French.		
	Say ten colours in French.		

End Points in Year 4

Phonetics 2	Instruments	Presenting Myself	
Understand sounds 'I', 'IN', 'IQUE' and 'ILLE'.	Recognise, recall and spell up to ten instruments in French	Count to 20.	Remen
	with the correct definite article/determiner.	Say their name and age.	indefin
	Understand articles/determiners better and that the definite	Say hello and goodbye and then ask how somebody is	Replace
	article/determiner 'the' has a plural form in French.	feeling and answer how they are feeling.	adjecti
	Learn to say and write 'I play an instrument' in French using	Tell you where they live.	Say and
	the high frequency 1st person regular verb 'je joue' (I play)	Tell you their nationality and understand basic gender	case.
	with up to ten different instruments.	agreement rules.	

Phonetics 3	Pets	Family	Weather	At the café	At the Olympics	Clothes
Understand sounds 'É', 'E', 'È', 'EAU' and 'EUX'.	Repeat, recognise and attempt to spell the eight nouns (including the correct article for each) for pets in French. Tell somebody in French if they have or do not have a pet. Ask somebody else in French if they have a pet. Tell somebody in French the name of their pet. Attempt to create a longer phrase using the connectives ET ("and") or MAIS ("but").	Tell somebody the members, names and various ages of either their own or a fictional family in French. Continue to count in French, with the option of reaching 100, enabling students to say the age of various family members. Understand the concept of the possessive adjectives 'mon', 'ma' and 'mes' in French. Move from 1st person singular to 3rd person singular of the two high frequency verbs used in this unit: s'appeler (to be called) and avoir (to have).	Repeat and recognise the vocabulary for weather in French. Ask what the weather is like today. Say what the weather is like today. Create a French weather map. Describe the weather in different regions of France using a weather map with symbols.	Order from a selection of foods from a French menu. Order from a selection of drinks from a French menu. Order a French breakfast. Order typical French snacks. Ask for the bill. Remember how to say hello, goodbye, please and thank you.	Tell somebody in French the key facts of the history of the	Repeat and recognise the vocabulary for a variety of clothes in French. Use the appropriate genders and articles for these clothes. Use the verb PORTER in French with increasing confidence. Say what they wear in different weather/situations. Describe clothes in terms of their colour and apply adjectival agreement. Use the possessives with increased accuracy.

End Points in Year 5

Fruits

ne and recognise up to 10 fruits in French. empt to spell some of these nouns. somebody in French if they like a particular fruit. what fruits they like and dislike.

In the classroom

ember and recall 12 classroom objects with their finite article/determiner.

ace an indefinite article/determiner with a possessive ctive.

and write what they have and do not have in their pencil

End Points in Year 6

Phonetics 4	School	Regular verbs	The weekend	Planets	Healthy lifestyle	Me in the world
Understand the sounds 'QU',	Repeat and recognise the	Recognise and understand what a	Ask what the time is in French.	Name and recognise the planets	Name and recognise ten foods	About the many countries in the
'GNE', 'Ç', 'EN' and 'AN'.	vocabulary for school subjects.	pronoun is in both English and	Tell the time accurately in French.	in French on a solar system	and drinks that are considered	Francophone world.
	Say what subjects they like and	French and be able to say what	Learn how to say what they do at	map.	good for your health.	About different festivals
	dislike at school.	the key personal pronouns are in	the weekend in French.	Spell at least five of the planets	Name and recognise ten foods	(religious and non-religious)
	Say why they like/ dislike certain	French. Understand what a verb	Learn to integrate connectives into	in French.	and drinks that are considered	around the world. That we are
	school subjects.	is in both English and French and	their work.	Say an interesting fact about at	bad for your health.	different and yet all the same.
	Tell the time (on the hour) in	how to then create a stem and	Present an account of what they do	least four of the planets.	Say what activities they do to	That we can all help to protect
	French. Say what time they study	work out the endings for regular	and at what time at the weekend.	Explain the rules of adjectival	keep in shape during the week.	our planet.
	certain subjects at school.	–ER, -IR and -RE verbs. Conjugate		agreement clearly in French and	Say in general what they do to	How to use "à" (when talking
		in French a regular –ER verb.		apply when using colours to	keep a healthy life-style.	about living IN a city) and
		Conjugate in French a regular –IR		describe objects.	Learn to make a healthy recipe	"en/au/aux" (when talking
		verb. Conjugate in French a			in French.	about living IN a country).
		regular –RE verb.				